## International Trade in Services Benefits Illinois's Companies and Workers

## IMPORTANCE OF SERVICES TO THE OVERALL U.S. ECONOMY

- The United States is the world's leading services exporting nation. International services markets offer huge opportunities for U.S. firms and their employees, accounting today for nearly one-third of total U.S. exports. Total elimination of global barriers to trade in services could raise U.S. annual income by over \$450 billion or \$6,830 per family of four.
- U.S. services exports have doubled over the past 10 years. The United States recorded a \$66 billion surplus on exports totaling \$381 billion in 2005. This surplus was 22 percent higher than in 2004. Sales through U.S. services companies operating abroad measured \$477 billion in 2003. These international transactions support high-paying jobs across the United States.

## IMPORTANCE OF SERVICES TO THE ILLINOIS ECONOMY

- The services sector represents 73 percent of sales by Illinois businesses, employs 78 percent of the workforce, and pays 75 percent of the state's \$186 billion in wages.<sup>1</sup>
- Services exporters in Illinois employed over 80,000 people and generated \$1.5 billion in export revenues in 2002.<sup>2</sup> For example:
  - Professional, scientific and technical industry exporters from Illinois employed 36,800 people and generated \$765 million in export revenues.
  - Telecommunications exporters from Illinois employed 25,300 people and generated \$381 million in export revenues.
  - Publishing industry exporters from Illinois employed 10,800 people and generated \$335 million in export revenues.
- Affiliates of foreign services companies are part of this success. In 2004, they had over \$10 billion invested in property, plants, and equipment (PPE) in Illinois and supported over 63,500 jobs.<sup>3</sup> Some of the important sectors and companies include:
  - Wholesale trade (2004: 27,200 employed, \$6 billion PPE). Major foreign food and beverage firms such as Nestlé (Swiss) and Sodexho (French) participate in the Illinois wholesale industry.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> U.S. Census Bureau. 2002 Economic Census. Available online at <u>http://www.census.gov/econ/census02/</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA). Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Operations of U.S. Affiliates of Foreign Companies 2006. Available online at <u>http://www.bea.gov/bea/di/di1fdiop.htm</u>/.

- Information (2004: 13,200 employed, \$1.7 billion PPE). This highly varied sector includes telecommunication firms such as Vodaphone (British) and Deutsche Telekom (German).
- Retail (2004: 12,000 employed, \$1.1 billion PPE). Retailers such as Ikea (Swedish) have managed to thrive in Illinois's competitive retail environment.
- Finance & Insurance (2004: 11,100 employed, \$1.1 billion PPE): Illinois is home to major foreign banking and investment operations, including Zurich North America (Swiss), one of Europe's largest insurance-based financial services firms.