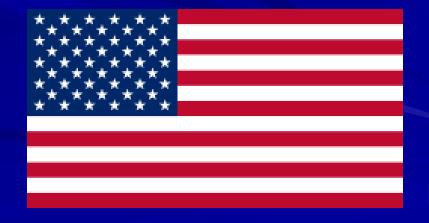
# Expanding Afghanistan's Exports

January 2008





### Summary of Presentation

U.S. imports from Afghanistan through the U.S. Generalized System of Preferences (GSP) Program

Using the U.S. GSP program

Increasing Afghanistan's exports

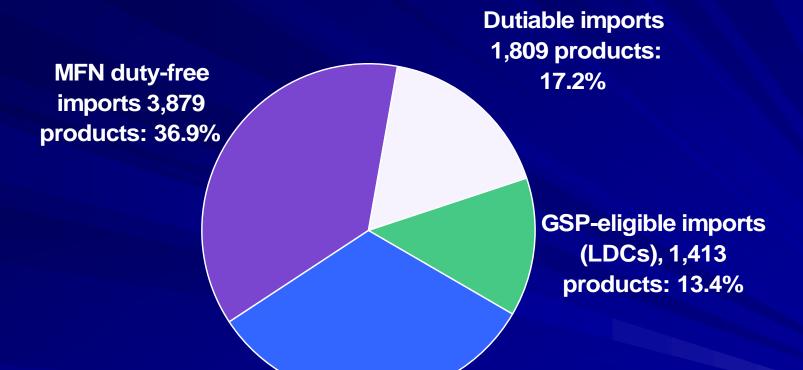
### GSP Program

Provides duty-free treatment for 5,000 products from Afghanistan

Gives Afghan exports an advantage in U.S. market - not charged tariffs so lower cost

■ Major U.S. import program: \$32.6 billion in 2006; up 22%

# How many products are eligible for GSP duty-free treatment?



GSP-eligible imports (all), 3,406 products: 32.4%

### Neighbors' benefits from GSP

- Armenia (60 percent of exports to U.S.)
- Lebanon (46.5 percent)
- Georgia (36 percent)
- West Bank (37.6 percent)
- Kazakhstan (33 percent)
- Turkey (24.4 percent)
- India (20 percent)

# U.S. Imports from Afghanistan Under GSP

**2006:** \$29,000

**■ January-November 2007: \$78,000** 

Additional imports from Afghanistan eligible for GSP dutyfree treatment: \$82,000

### U.S. Imports from Afghanistan Under GSP (New in 2007)

- ceramic household/bath items (saved 6%)
- imitation jewelry (saved 11%)
- almonds (saved 7.7 cents per kg)
- dried apricots (saved 1.8 cents per kg)
- fresh or dried pistachios (saved 1.9 cents per kg)
- dried berries (saved 1.4 cents per kg)

### U.S. Imports from Afghanistan Under GSP

- saddles and harnesses (saved 2.8%)
- tanned and dressed whole lambskins (saved 2.2%)
- gold jewelry (saved 5.5%)
- carpets and other textile floor coverings (saved 4.3%)
- furskin apparel & accessories (4%)

### Neighbors' Use of GSP (2006)

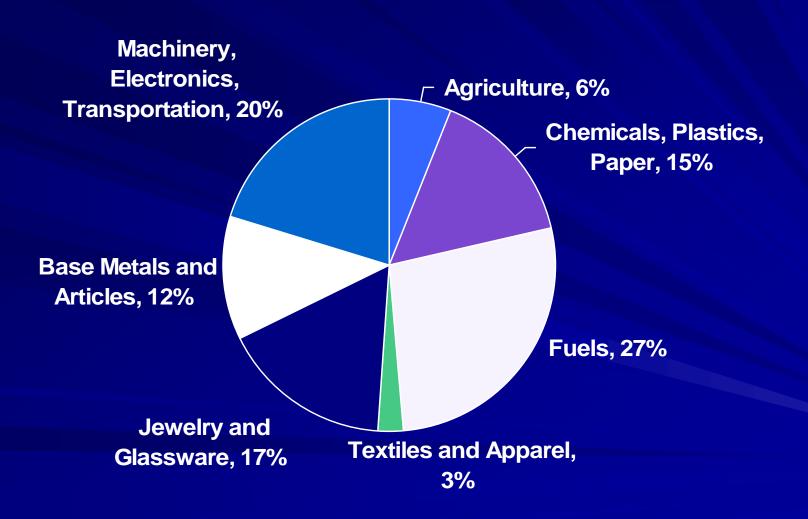
- Large quantities of U.S. imports from nearby countries entered under GSP:
- \$483 million in U.S. imports from Kazakhstan (nearly half)
- \$130 million from Pakistan
- \$2.8 million from Uzbekistan

### Which Products are Eligible for Duty-Free GSP Treatment?

Eligible: manufactured items and inputs, jewelry, skins, many carpets, certain agricultural products, chemicals, marble, and minerals

Not eligible: most textiles and leather goods, footwear, home décor textiles

## Types of U.S. imports that received GSP duty-free treatment in 2006



# How to Qualify for Duty-free Treatment under GSP

- (1) Product included in list of GSP-eligible articles\*
- (2) Exported directly to U.S. or pass through another country under a "through bill of lading" to the U.S.
- (3) Growth or product of Afghanistan, or if imported input, local content & processing equal 35% of product value
- (4) Importer must request duty-free treatment for item by writing an "A" on the U.S. Customs Entry Form (tariff refunds can be requested)
  - A GSP-eligible from all countries
  - A+ GSP-eligible from least-developed countries
  - A\* a country other than Afghanistan not eligible

# How to qualify for duty-free treatment under GSP

(1) Product must be included in U.S. tariff list of GSP-eligible articles (Free (A...) or Free (A+...) in last column on right

6307.90.75	00	Toys for pets, of textile materials	No	4.3%	Free (BH,CA,
			kg		CL,E*,IL, J*,JO,
					MX, P,SG)
					1.8% (MA)
					3% (AÙ) ´
6307.90.85	00	Wall banners, of man-made fibers	kg	5.8% <u>1</u> /	Free (A,BH,CA,
					CL,E,IL,J,
					CL,IL,JO, MX,
					P,SG)

# How to qualify for duty-free treatment under GSP

(2) Product must be imported directly from Afghanistan to the U.S. (air freight) or pass through Pakistan or Iran on a "through bill of lading" (19 CFR 10.175) with a U.S. destination.

### 35% Value-added Rule

- Cost of local inputs and labor must equal 35% of product's sales price
- If imported item, it must be "substantially transformed" in Afghanistan and then used in product production
- "Substantially transformed" means the item's name, character, or use differs from when it was imported
- Product inputs from Pakistan, India, or Nepal can count toward the 35% minimum amount of Afghan materials

### Agricultural exports

- Ensure products are free from microbial contamination, foreign material, pests, diseases, and chemical residues
- Care must be taken during each step:
  - Production Packing Shipping (fresh products)
  - Production Processing Packaging Packing Shipping (processed products)

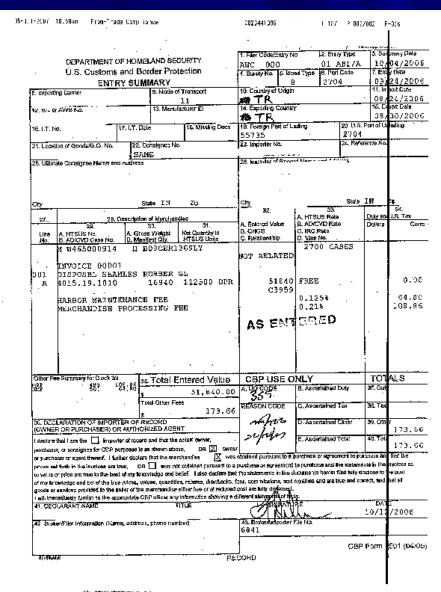
# Producer required to keep these records for five years

- Verification of 35 percent rule-of-origin:
  - Dated invoices for materials used to produce good and from where
  - Description of product, quantity, and costs
- If processing operations are involved:
  - Description of processing and location
  - Direct costs of processing operations
- For agricultural exports:
  - Producer's statement verifying on which farm and town the product is grown
  - Description of product and quantity
  - Dated invoices for costs incurred

# Claiming GSP Duty-Free Treatment

- Importer must REQUEST duty-free treatment for the item
- Is NOT automatic!!!
- Write an "A" before tariff number on Customs entry form 7501
- If importer makes a mistake and does not request GSP: can apply to U.S. Customs for refund (file a "Post-Entry Amendment" to U.S. Customs within 294 days)

## Make sure importer marks an "A" before the tariff number on the form!



### Expanding Use of GSP Benefits

- 1. Ensure products get GSP duty-free treatment when eligible
- 2. Increase exports of current GSPeligible products
- 3. Identify exports to other countries that would get GSP if exported to U.S.
- 4. Export handicrafts

### Claim the GSP Savings

- Importers of many GSP-eligible goods paid large duties, rather than zero duty
- In 2006, \$283,000 in GSP-eligible goods (ten times the GSP-claimed trade) should have received duty-free treatment
- Importers mistakenly did not claim them under GSP: refunds may be available for GSP-eligible exports to US in 2007

# Examples of GSP-eligible goods that paid duties

- ■\$110,000 of pignolia nuts
- **\$70,000 of raisins**
- \$50,000 of fur apparel and accessories
- \$30,000 of dried apricots and other fruits

## Export to the U.S. more GSP-eligible goods

- Walnuts
- Natural gums
- Mixtures of dried fruits and nuts
- Dried lentils
- Fruit seeds
- Marble
- Minerals
- Gemstone jewelry

### Special "A+" Opportunities

- Milk and yogurt (up to 17% duty saved!)
- Food preparations with flour (10% duty)
- Candy:
  - Candied nuts (4.5% duty)
  - Sugar candy (10.4%-12.2% duty)
  - Chocolate (8.5%-10% duty)

### Export Design Work Duty-Free

- Many carpets, kilims, and rugs
- Gold, silver, and imitation jewelry
- Paintings, sculpture, and wall hangings
- **■** Wood statues, boxes, and other items
- Ceramic ware
- Fur apparel and hats
- Silk blend scarves, shawls, apparel (70%)
- Baskets and handbags of bamboo, rattan, palm leaf and vegetable material

### **Export Handicrafts**

- Artisans can export duty-free...
  - hand-loomed fabrics
  - additional hand-loomed and folklore wall hangings and pillow covers
- ...when Afghan government certifies them

### Questions?

- Ms. Khaleda Atta, Commercial Attaché, Embassy of Afghanistan
  - **+1 (202) 2924286**
  - atta@embassyofafghanistan.org
  - www.embassyofafghanistan.org
  - www.afghanistan.business-gateways.com
- Mr. Suleman Fatimie, President, Export Promotion Agency of Afghanistan
  - **+93 (0) 79933 6616**
  - fatimie@epca.org.af
  - www.epaa.org.af
- Mr. Azim Wardak, Head of the International Trade Directorate, Ministry of Commerce and Industry
  - **+93 (0) 700298716**
  - foreigntrade\_department@yahoo.com
  - www.commerce.gov.af

### For Additional Information

# Office of the U.S. Trade Representative GSP guidebook, lists of GSP-eligible and ineligible products, notices:

http://www.ustr.gov/Trade\_Development/Preference\_Programs/GSP/Section\_Index.html

### Afghanistan Investment/Reconstruction Task Force

– AfghanInfo@ita.doc.gov

### **U.S. Tariff Schedule**

– http://www.usitc.gov/tata/hts

### Foreign Agricultural Service: Islamabad

- agislamabad@yahoo.com
- **+92 (51) 208-2276**

### Current Tariff System by Chapter

http://www.usitc.gov/tata/hts/bychapter/index.htm

### SECTION II: VEGETABLE PRODUCTS

- Section Notes
- Chapter 8 Edible fruit and nuts; peel of citrus fruit or melons

#### SECTION VIII: RAW HIDES AND SKINS, LEATHER, FURSKINS, SADDLERY ARTICLES OF ANIMAL GUT

- Section Notes
- Chapter 41 Raw hides and skins (other than furskins) and leather
- Chapter 42 Articles of leather; saddlery and harness; travel goods, handbags and similar containers; articles of animal gut
- Chapter 43 Furskins and artificial fur; manufactures thereof

### Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (2007) (Rev.2)

#### **Pignolia Nuts:**

- 0802.90.20 00 In shell . . . .kg . . . . .7¢/kg....... Free (A,AU,BH,CA.....
- 0802.90.25 00 Shelled . . .kg . . . . 1¢/kg......
  Free (A,AU,BH,CA......

### **Dried Grapes (Raisins):**

■ 0806.20.10 Made from seedless grapes...kg....8¢/kg.... Free (A+, AU,BH.....

### For Additional Information

Department of Homeland Security: Customs & Border Protection:
<a href="http://www.customs.gov/xp/cgov/import/">http://www.customs.gov/xp/cgov/import/</a>

- Customs Entry Form 7501: https://forms.customs.gov/customsrf/getfo rmharness.asp?formName=cf-7501form.xft
- http://www.customs.treas.gov/xp/cgov/tool box/ publications/

### Tashakor!



