

CAFTA Facts

Office of the United States Trade Representative CAFTA Policy Brief - May 2005

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CAFTA and the U.S. Trade Deficit

The U.S. International Trade Commission study on CAFTA found that the effect of the agreement would be to reduce the overall U.S. trade deficit by \$756 million.

The National Association of Manufacturers (NAM) estimates that CAFTA would result in \$1 billion in <u>additional</u> manufactured exports. Most of this increase would occur quickly, because more than three-quarters of tariff cuts on manufactured goods would take place in CAFTA's first year.

CAFTA will also preserve an <u>existing</u> \$4 billion in U.S. manufactured exports that would otherwise be lost to competition from Asia.

Eighty percent of everything Central America sends us <u>today</u> is duty-free. CAFTA does not open our market much more: it opens the Central American market to U.S. products. Examples:

Tariffs on Exports between U.S. and D.R.-Central America

Now			After CAFTA	
We Pay	They Pay		We Pay	They Pay
10.6%	0%	Grains	0%	0%
16.7%	0%	Vegetables, Fruits, Nuts	0%	0%
10.0%	0%	Wood Products	0%	0%
6.3%	0%	Ferrous Metals	0%	0%
11.1%	0%	Motor Vehicles and Parts	0%	0%
12.8%	0%	Processed Foods	0%	0%
5.7%	0%	Cattle and Horses	0%	0%
5.2%	0%	Petroleum, Coal, Chemicals, Plastic	0%	0%
3.4%	0%	Miscellaneous Metals and Metal Products	0%	0%
3.5%	0%	Other Transportation Equipment	0%	0%

2004 Applied Tariff Rates